

# Pre-Class Discovery: Self-Sovereign Identity

Digital Finance – BSc Course

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Complete before class. No prior knowledge required. Work alone or in pairs.

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## Activity 1: The Privacy Audit

Take out your passport (or imagine it). It contains: full name, date of birth, place of birth, nationality, photo, signature, passport number, address, and machine-readable zone data.

- (a) You want to prove you are over 18 to enter a bar. List every piece of information your passport reveals *beyond* your age when you show it to the bouncer.
  
- (b) Design a system that lets you prove “I am over 18” without revealing *any* of those other fields. Describe it in 3–4 sentences.  
*Hint: think about who could issue a yes/no credential.*
  
- (c) What technology concept allows proving a statement is true without revealing the underlying data? (You may guess—we will cover this in class.)

## Activity 2: The Trust Triangle

Self-sovereign identity uses three roles: **Issuer**, **Holder**, and **Verifier**.

- (a) For a **university degree**, identify who plays each role:

| Role     | Who? |
|----------|------|
| Issuer   |      |
| Holder   |      |
| Verifier |      |

- (b) Draw the trust triangle: how does the Verifier confirm the credential is genuine without contacting the Issuer directly?
  
- (c) What role does a blockchain play in this model? (It does *not* store your personal data.)

### Activity 3: Key Management Nightmare

You lose your phone. Your entire digital identity wallet is on it.

- (a) Design 3 different recovery mechanisms. For each, describe the method in one sentence and identify the tradeoff between convenience and security.

| # | Recovery method | Tradeoff |
|---|-----------------|----------|
| 1 |                 |          |
| 2 |                 |          |
| 3 |                 |          |

- (b) Which mechanism would you personally choose? Why?