

Smart Contracts and Game Theory

Lesson 7: Summary

Prof. Joerg Osterrieder

Spring 2026

Definition: Self-executing code on blockchain.

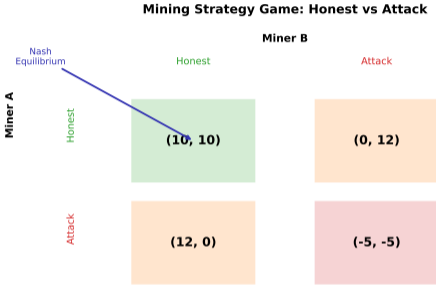
Key Properties:

- Deterministic, immutable, transparent
- Execute without intermediaries
- Limited by oracle problem (need external data)

“Code is law” – executes exactly as written.

contracts enable trustless automation

Smart



Payoffs: (Miner A, Miner B) | Higher = Better

Honest mining is the dominant strategy when attack costs exceed gains

proper incentives, rational actors reach suboptimal outcomes

With

Key Concepts:

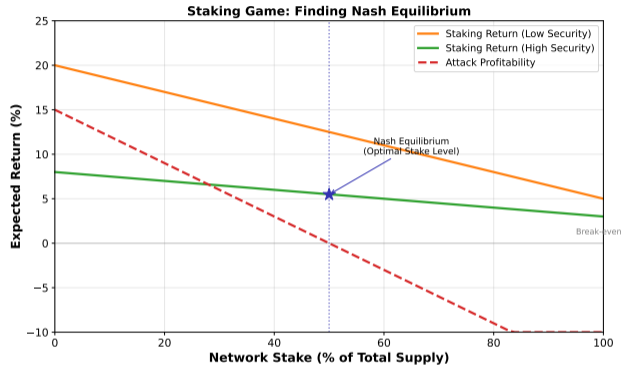
- **Players:** Decision makers (miners, validators, users)
- **Strategies:** Available actions
- **Payoffs:** Rewards for strategy combinations
- **Nash Equilibrium:** No one wants to change unilaterally

Why it matters: Protocols must work when everyone acts selfishly.

theory explains why crypto protocols work

Game

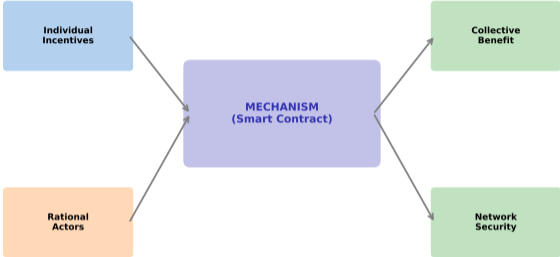
Nash Equilibrium in Staking



stake level where returns equal opportunity cost

Equil

Mechanism Design: Aligning Incentives



Key: Design rules so self-interest produces desired outcomes

rules so self-interest produces desired outcomes

Design

Definition: Honest behavior is the best strategy.

Examples in Crypto:

- PoW: Mining honestly earns rewards
- PoS: Slashing makes attacks costly
- Oracles: Penalize liars, reward truth-tellers

Bitcoin's insight: Aligned miner incentives with network security.

compatible systems don't rely on trust

Incentive

MEV (Maximal Extractable Value):

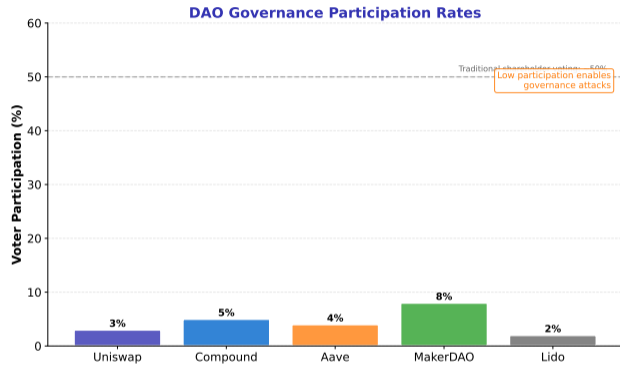
- Frontrunning, sandwich attacks, arbitrage
- Billions extracted annually

Governance Challenges:

- Voter apathy, plutocracy, vote buying
- No perfect system exists

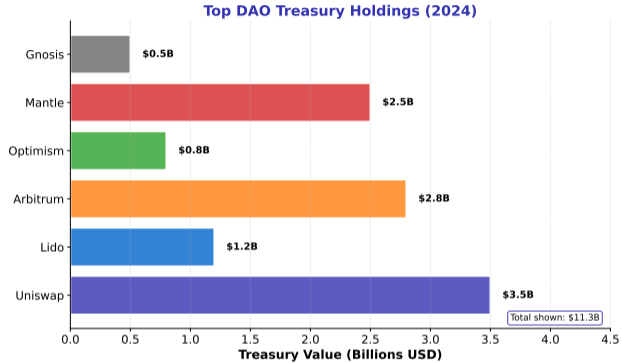
areas of mechanism design research

Activ



participation enables minority control and governance attacks

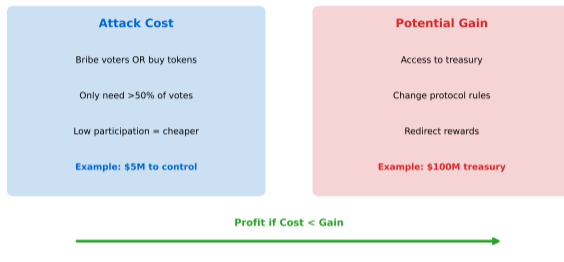
Low



in DAO treasuries: governance = control over real resources

Billio

Governance Bribery Economics



Defenses: timelocks, vote escrow (veTokens), quorum requirements

bribe cost < treasury value, attack is profitable

If

Key Takeaways

- ① **Smart contracts:** Trustless, deterministic execution
- ② **Game theory:** Studies strategic decision-making
- ③ **Nash equilibrium:** Stable state where no one changes
- ④ **Mechanism design:** Make honest behavior profitable

Core Insight: Crypto works because it makes honesty the most profitable strategy.

Regulation, Risks, and Future Trends

Next:

Thank You

Questions?