

NFTs & Digital Assets: Ownership in a Copy-Paste World

Mini-Lecture — 30 Minutes

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Blockchain, Crypto Economy & NFTs

Learning Objectives:

1. Explain how ERC-721/1155 create digital scarcity
2. Describe IPFS/Arweave metadata storage trade-offs
3. Apply a valuation framework to NFTs and tokenized assets
4. Evaluate real-world asset tokenization readiness

You Right-Clicked and Saved It. Do You Own It Now?

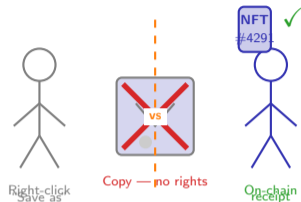
A Thought Experiment

In 2009, Amazon remotely deleted *1984* from customers' Kindles — buyers discovered their “purchase” was a revocable license.

In 2023, Ubisoft shut down game servers for *The Crew* — players lost access to a game they paid \$60 for.

Every digital purchase you have made — music, movies, games, ebooks — is a **permission**, not a **possession**. The seller can revoke it at any time.

The question: Can a blockchain receipt make digital ownership *real*?



Digital purchases today are permissions, not possessions — NFTs attempt to change that.

What Is an NFT — And What Isn't It?

Definition

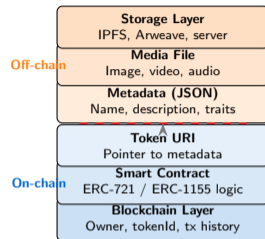
A unique identifier on a blockchain pointing to metadata describing a specific asset.

Three key properties:

- **Unique:** each token has a distinct `tokenId` — non-interchangeable
- **Verifiable:** ownership is cryptographically provable on-chain
- **Transferable:** can be sold, gifted, or used as collateral

What an NFT is NOT:

- Not the image itself (the image lives elsewhere)
- Not a copyright transfer (unless explicitly stated)
- Not inherently valuable (value comes from context and demand)



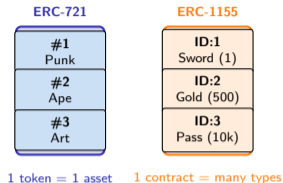
The NFT lives on-chain; the art lives off-chain — this separation is the source of most NFT risks.

ERC-721 vs ERC-1155: Choosing the Right Standard

Dimension	ERC-721	ERC-1155
Token type	Unique only	Unique + fungible
Contract	1 per collection	1 for all types
Transfer	One at a time	Batch transfers
Gas cost	Higher	40–90% lower
Use case	Art, PFPs	Gaming, tickets

Decision rule:

- Pure 1-of-1 art → ERC-721
- Mixed assets (sword + gold + pass) → ERC-1155
- High-volume mints → ERC-1155 (gas savings)



ERC-1155 was introduced in 2019 to solve the gas inefficiency of deploying one ERC-721 per asset type.

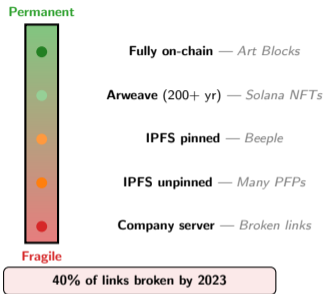
Where Does the Art Actually Live?

Beeple's \$69M sale (March 2021):

- Buyer received an ERC-721 token on Ethereum
- Token points to an IPFS hash for the metadata
- IPFS hash points to the actual 319 MB image file
- **None of the art is on-chain**

The link-rot problem:

- By 2023, ~40% of NFT metadata links were broken
- If the server shuts down, your token points to nothing
- Permanence spectrum: on-chain > Arweave > IPFS > server



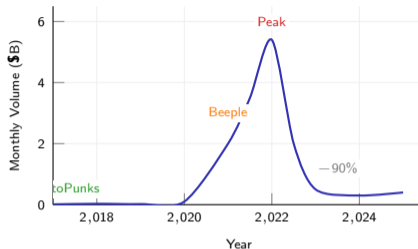
The most expensive NFTs often rely on the weakest storage — always check where the metadata lives.

The NFT Boom-Bust Cycle

Key events:

- **2017:** CryptoPunks launch (free mint, now \$100k+ floor)
- **Mar 2021:** Beeple sells for \$69M at Christie's
- **Jan 2022:** Monthly volume peaks at ~\$5.4B
- **2022–23:** Market drops >90% from peak
- **2024–25:** Stabilization around art, gaming, RWA

Lesson: Speculative manias inflate, but underlying technology persists.



Source: NonFungible.com, DappRadar. NFT infrastructure outlives speculative cycles.

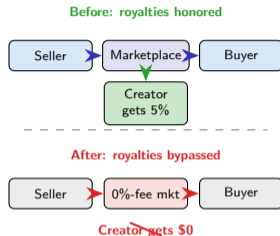
Why Did Creator Royalties Collapse?

The promise: 5–10% royalty on every secondary sale, forever. Creators would earn as their work appreciated.

The reality:

- Blur launched with 0% marketplace fees (Oct 2022)
- Blur captured ~60% market share within months
- OpenSea was forced to make royalties optional (Feb 2023)
- Creators earning \$50K/month saw revenue drop to \$2K in 90 days

Root cause: ERC-721 has no on-chain royalty enforcement — marketplaces choose whether to honor the request.



Royalty enforcement requires protocol-level solutions (EIP-2981 is advisory only, not mandatory).

Play-to-Earn: Growth Dependency and Collapse

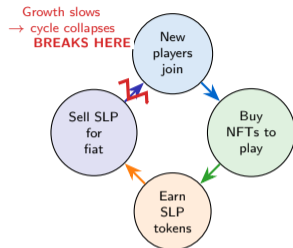
Axie Infinity at its peak (Nov 2021):

- 2.7 million daily active players
- SLP (Smooth Love Potion) token: \$0.39
- Players in Philippines earned \$200–\$400/month

The collapse:

- SLP fell from \$0.39 to \$0.003 (99.2% decline)
- New player growth slowed — rewards exceeded demand
- Ronin bridge hack (\$625M, Mar 2022) destroyed remaining trust

Root cause: Token emissions funded by new entrants — a structure that requires perpetual growth.



Sustainable gaming NFTs need in-game utility that does not depend on new player inflows.

From JPEGs to BlackRock: Real-World Asset Tokenization

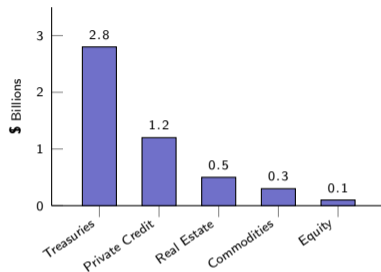
RWA tokenization: converting physical or financial assets into blockchain tokens with legal backing.

BlackRock BUIDL (Mar 2024):

- Tokenized US Treasury fund on Ethereum
- Exceeded \$500M AUM within months
- Institutional-grade: KYC (Know Your Customer), custody, SEC-compliant

6-step workflow:

1. Identify asset & legal structure
2. Create SPV (Special Purpose Vehicle) / legal wrapper
3. Design token (ERC-20 or ERC-3643 for regulated assets)
4. Deploy smart contract with compliance
5. Arrange regulated custody
6. List on compliant marketplace



Source: rwa.xyz, Jan 2026 estimates. Excludes stablecoins.

Tokenized Treasuries grew from \$0 to \$2.8B in under two years — institutional adoption is accelerating.

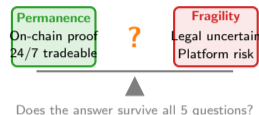
Five Questions to Evaluate Any NFT or Tokenized Asset

Your Evaluation Toolkit

Apply these five questions to any NFT or tokenized asset:

- 1. Where is metadata stored?**
On-chain, IPFS pinned, Arweave, or company server?
- 2. What do you legally own?**
Token only, license, IP rights, or fractional equity?
- 3. Who controls the smart contract?**
Immutable, upgradeable proxy, admin key, or multisig?
- 4. What creates demand beyond speculation?**
Utility, community, yield, access, or nothing?
- 5. What if the platform closes?**
Can you still access, transfer, and prove ownership?

Apply it: "Tokenized Apartment at \$100/token"



Most NFT losses come from failing question 1 (broken links) or question 4 (no demand driver).

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C – Approximately 40% of NFT metadata links had broken by 2023 due to server shutdowns.

Answers reveal on click. Review any incorrect answers before proceeding.

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B – EIP-2981 signals a royalty preference but has no on-chain enforcement mechanism.

Score: 9–10 Excellent | 7–8 Good | 5–6 Review slides | <5 Re-watch lecture.